

Epistle of Jude—Handout #11

Position in overall epistolary structure (esp. vv. 5-16):

<http://www.nwts.edu/media/pdf/jtd/Jude/Jude%2003.pdf> (page 3)

vv. 14-15

For he comes with his myriads and his holy ones to execute judgment against all, and he will destroy all the ungodly, and he will convict all flesh regarding all their ungodly deeds that they have done in an ungodly manner and the harsh words that they have spoken, and regarding all that ungodly sinners have spoken against him (1 Enoch 1:9; 45 words Greek text).

Behold, the Lord came with his holy myriads to execute judgment upon all, and to convict all the ungodly of all their ungodly deeds which they have done in an ungodly way, and of all the harsh things which ungodly sinners have spoken against him (Jude 14b-15, NASB, modified JTD; 34 words Greek text).

Observation:

Text:

Source: ?OT

Other:

Transmission:

NB: “book of Jashar” (Josh 10:13; 2 S 1:18)

Cf. 1 Chr 29:29; 2 Chr 9:29; 12:15; 13:22—“chronicles”, “records”, “visions”,
“prophecies”, “midrash”

leitwörter— = alpha-privative; thus, _____ (x4)

against all
 all ungodliness
 all ungodly works
 ungodly done
 all harsh speech
against him
 ungodly sinners

“judgment”— ?already in _____ Who?
Here _____ Who?

Contrastive paradigm:

There: judgment of _____ who are _____ (v.)
Here: ___ judgment of _____ who are _____ (v. 14)

Theophany—
Christophany—
cf. Mt 25:31; 2 Thess 1:7

v. 16—“these” =

“grumblers”

echoes ?

“find fault”

“follow lusts”

“arrogant mouths”

“flatterers”

Why?